## Notes 2.8

Vertical Angles

## Opposite Rays

- two collinear rays that share the same endpoint and extend in opposite directions (Together, they form a straight angle!)

- $\overrightarrow{\mathrm{BA}}+\overrightarrow{\mathrm{BC}}=\overleftrightarrow{\mathrm{AC}}$


## Vertical Angles

- the non-adjacent angles formed when two lines intersect. The rays forming the sides of one and the rays forming the sides of the other are "opposite rays."


In this picture, $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ are a pair of wertical angles $\angle 3$ and $\angle 4$ are a second pair of vertical angles.

## Theorem 18

- Vertical angles are congruent.


$$
\Delta \cong \angle 2 \text { and } \angle 3 \cong \angle 4
$$

